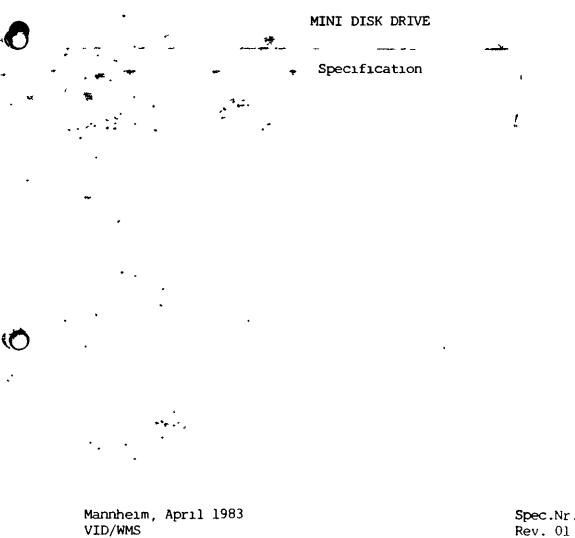


BASF 6138



Spec.Nr. 80307-058 Rev. 01 Pages: 20

1

## CONTENTS

. .. ..

4

ι

٠

ι.

ļ

-

سر سرو

•

. -

٠

÷....

٠,

1. F	Product Outline	1
1-1	Feature	1
1-2	Specifications	1
2. 1	Interface	4
2-1	Signal Interface	4
2-2	Table of Connector Used	5
2-3	Input/Output Interface	6
2-4	Timing Chart	10
2-5	Multiple Drive Connection System	13
3. C	Description of Functions	14
3-1	Overall Block Diagram	14
3-2	Circuit Block Diagram	14
3-3	Jumper Functions	14
. 3-4	Arrangement of Jumper Pins	15
4. C	Dimension Specifications	16
. 4-1	Installation Method	16
4-2	Exterior of Unit	17
5. H	Aandling Mini Floppy Disks	18
6. E	Format Example	19

### 1. Product Outline

--

.... . ....

#### 1-1 Feature

This MDD employs a high performance direct-drive spindle motor, resulting in stability of media rotation and also freedom from maintenance due to the elimination of a driving belt. It also employs a high-speed stepping motor and steel belt drive system, permitting speedier seek-access by the head, and making for improved track positioning accuracy.

### 1-2 Specifications

1-2-1 Performance

			MDD221	
Recording	density	per diskette	lM byte	
		per track	6.25K byte	
Data trans	sfer speed		250K bit/se	
Access	Track-to-tra	ack shift time	3ms MAX	
time	Seek settlin	20ms MAX		
	Average acce	ess time	95ms	
	Head load wa	aiting time	25ms MAX	
	Media rotat:	ing speed	300 rpm	
	Average rota	ation waiting time	100ms	
	Spindle motor starting time		ls max	
Recording	density (in	nner periphery)	5922 BPI	
Number of tracks			160	
Modulation	n system		FM/MFM	
Recommend	ed media		BASF FlexyDisk	

Note 1: The waiting time during seek is the track-to-track shift time + seek settling time.

Note 2: The average access time is the average track-totrack shift time + seek settling time.

- 1 -

# 1-2-2 Boundary Conditions

Operating ambient temperature	5 – 45°C
Temperature during transport	-40 - 62°C
Storage temperature	-22 - 55°C
Relative humidity	20% to 80% (max, wet bulb temperature 29°C, free of dew formation)

**}** 

1-2-3 Power Source

0

0	+5V • ±5%	TYP 0.8A
	ripple 50 mVp-p and below	MAX 1.0A
		TYP 0.8A
	ripple 100 mVp-p and below	MAX 1.7A

1-2-4 Machine Dimensions

Width	146 mm
Height	33.5 mm
Depth	221 mm
Weight	1.2 kg

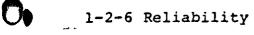
\* For details, refer to dimension specifications.

- 2 -

# 1-2-5 Vibration and Shock

Vibration during operation	1G (5 $-$ 100Hz) X, Y, and Z directions
Vibration during transportation	3G (5 - 100Hz) X, Y, and Z directions (in packed condition)
Shock during transportation	Shall satisfy all specifica- tions when dropped from a height of 100cm in packed condition (in all directions, one corner, three ridgelines, and six planes)
	<u>}</u>

· .



 $\mathbf{i}$ 

MTBF	10,000 POH
MTTR	30 minutes
Unit life	5 years
Soft read error	10 <sup>-</sup> ° bits
Hard read error	10 <sup>- 12</sup> bits
Seek error	10 <sup>-6</sup> seek operations

0)

• •

0

:

- -

2. Interface

- ---

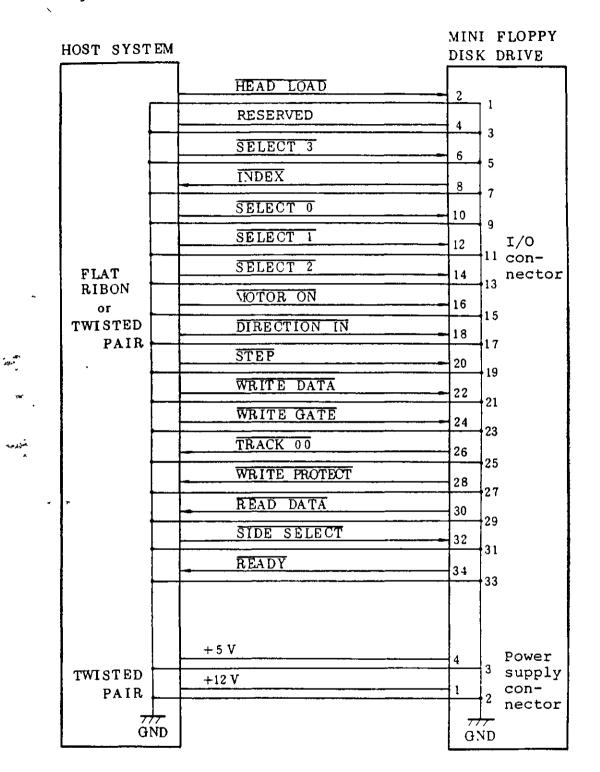
, <sup>-</sup>

0

ан. Хя

~ •

## 2-1 Signal Interface



~ ~

-\* \*

- 4 -

2-2 Table of Connector Used

سه منجد ۲۰

Figs. 2-1 and 2-2 are simplified drawings of the connector used on the interface of the MDD. Suitable mating connectors are shown in the table below.

Signal connector	Scotchflex ribbon connector	3463-0000 3463-0001		
	Yamaichi connector	FDS-34-12 #1 FDS-34-12 #2		
Power supply	AMP (housing)	1-480424-0		
connector	AMP (pin)	170148-2 (AWG18 - 24)		
	AMP (pin)	170121-4 (AWG14 - 20)		

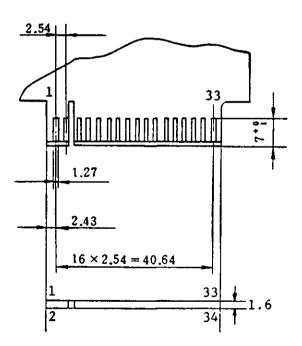
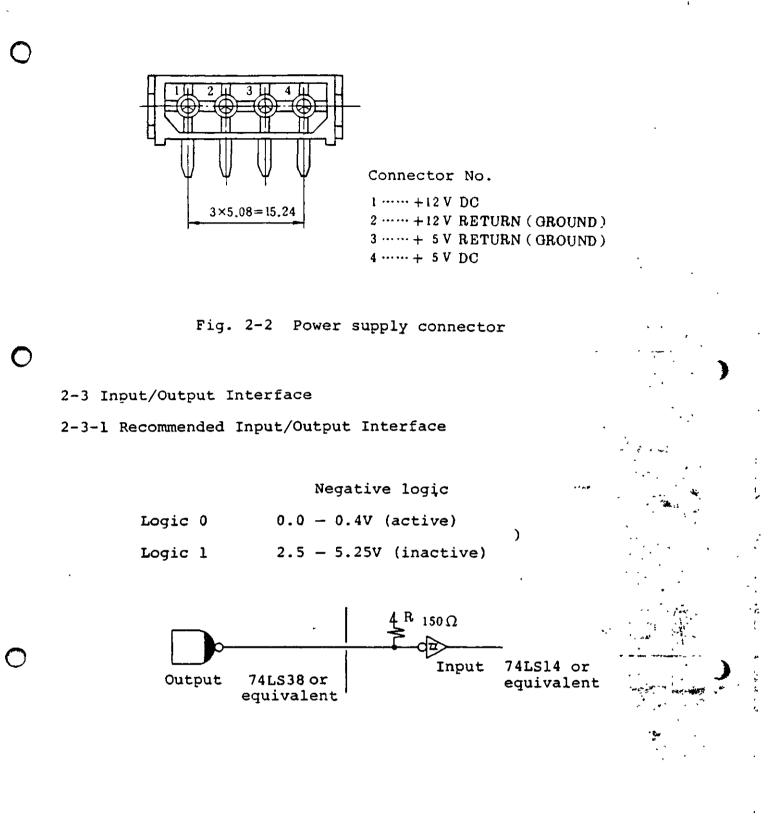


Fig. 2-1 Signal connector

- 5 -



- 6 -

2-3-2 Input Signal Name

	Signal name	Content			
	Select 1 to 4	It is possible to connect up a maximum of four MDD units in a daisy chain. Set the drive select condition by means of the drive jumper pin. (All units are set to drive select 1 before they leave the factory.) When the select signal of the set drive becomes low level, the drive will go into an active condition.			
and the same	Motor ON	When this signal becomes low level, the drive motor will rotate. The motor signal alone is not gated by the select signal.			
	Direction in	When this signal is high level, the head will shift to the outer periphery under the step signal. When it is low level, it will shift to the inner periphery.			
-	Step	This signal is a pulse signal. The head will shift in the direction of the 'direction in' signal under the leading edge (fall) of this pulse. When the write gate is on, internally it goes into an inhibit condition.			
**	Write gate	When this signal is low level, information is registered in the media in accordance with the signal of the write data. Also, the write gate signal functions to cause tunnel erase to take place inside the drive, hence neither side select nor step head unload will take place until 1.2 ms after the write gate has closed.			

- - -

•

- 7 -

0

0)

0

•••

: 07

	Signal name	Content
	Write data	This signal is a pulse signal. Under the leading edge of the pulse (fall), the data will be inverted and information will be registered in the media. Transfer data only when the write gate is low level.
<b>9</b>	Head load	When this signal becomes low, the head will be loaded. It is also possible to perform head loading by means of the drive selector signal, irrespective of the head load signal. During head load, the indicator LED becomes red and the button is interlocked. For details, see the jumper specifications.
, ,	Side selector -	This signal is used to select a particular head on a drive employing a double sided head. When it is high level, head 0 is selected, and when it is low level, head 1 is selected.
0	Ready -	After the motor goes on and the media reaches a constant speed of rotation, this signal will go on (low level). After a lapse of 1 second from when the motor goes on, the ready signal is confirmed and R/W operation commences. Then, the indica- tion LED becomes green.
	Track 00 	This signal is on (low level) when the head is at track 00.

. 0

0

- -

\_

\_ \_ \_

----

- 8 -

\_

. 1

١

1

0	Signal name	Content
*	Index	This signal goes on (low level) when the index hole of the media is detected. This signal is a 3 to 5 ms pulse signal. The leading edge (fall) of the pulse indicates the commencement of the track/sector. When the media is not inserted, this signal will remain low level.
• • • •	Read data	This is a readout signal for magnetic inver- sion on the media. It is a pulse signal, the leading edge (fall) of which is effective.
· · ·	Write protect	This signal becomes low level when a write- protected media is inserted. Simultaneously, write will be inhibited inside the drive. Write protect takes place by covering the notch in the disk jacket by an opaque label.

۵

۰

5

 $\mathbf{O}$ 

)

~

현

s... \*

\* \* All output signals are gated by the drive select signal.

- 9 -

2-4 Timing Chart

2-4-1 Ready Signal Timing

•

10.4 ~ 1.0 s<sub>l</sub> Effective area \_ Motor ON (IN) - 500 ms (MAX) Select 1 to 4 (IN) Ineffective -Ready (OUT) area 1111 Track 00 (OUT) Write protect (OUT) . Index \_\_\_\_ 3 ~ (OUT) 200 ms <u>5 m</u>s · ~ Read data (OUT)

}

}

2-4-2 Step Signal Timing

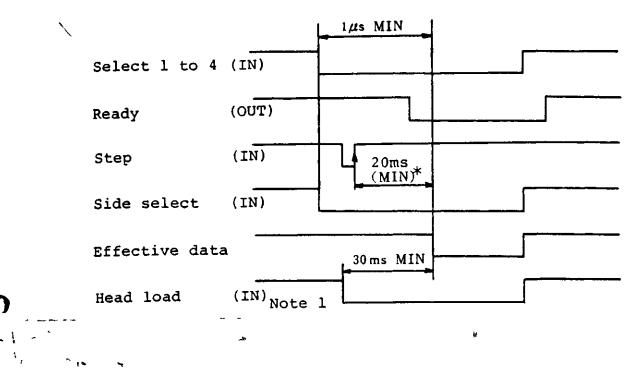
Select 1 to 4 (IN) Direction in (IN) Step (IN) Step (IN)  $1 \mu s (MIN)$   $1 \mu s (MIN)$ 3 m s (MIN)

- 10 -

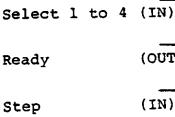
2-4-3 Readout Timing

٠

1



2-4-4 Write Timing



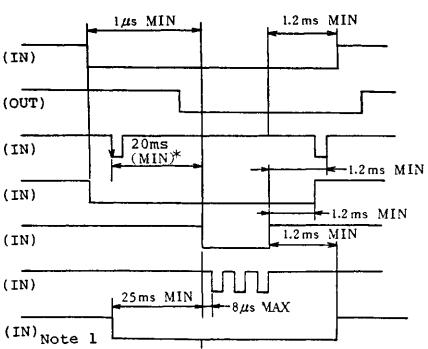
Side select

Write gate

Write data

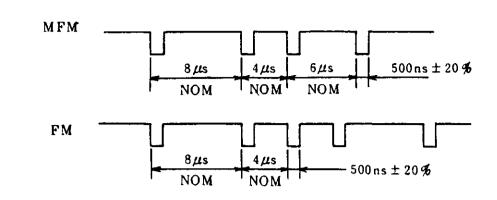
Head load

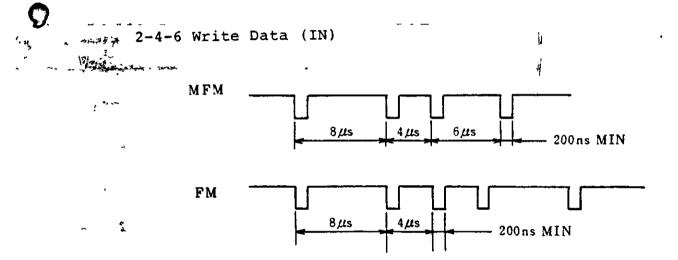
×.



Į

Note 1: The necessary head load waiting time is 25ms from the commencement of actual head loading. (For example, 25ms from 'select ch' when head loading by 'select' signal.) 2-4-5 Read Data (OUT)





Use a write clock accuracy of ±0.5% (4µs±20ns). Normally, write pre-compensation is not necessary. If it is necessary on account of the system, use it only from the center track in the peripheral direction.

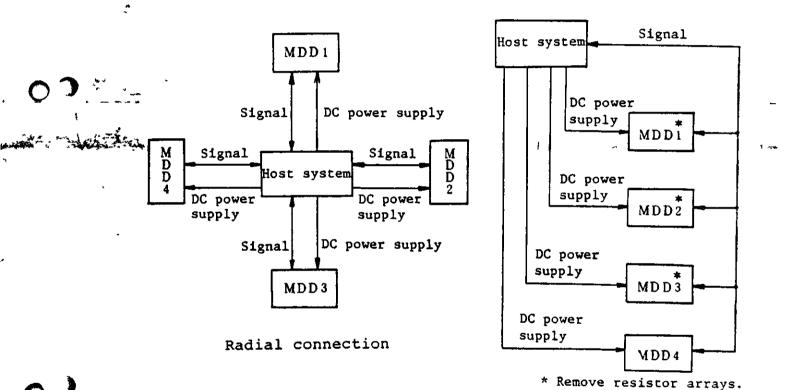
- 12 -

)

2-5 Multiple Drive Connection System

When connecting several MDD units to a host system, either a radial connecting method or a daisy chain connecting method is used.

When using the darsy chain connecting method, it is necessary to remove all pull-up resistors (resistor arrays) except that on the last MDD unit.



- 13 -

Daisy chain connection

- C 3. Description of Functions
  - 3-1 Overall Block Diagram

The main components of the MDD are a spindle motor (DD motor), stepping motor, head assembly, main PCB, and other drive components.

3-2 Circuit Block Diagram

Apart from the control circuit of the spindle motor, the entire MDD circuit is on the main PCB.

3-3 Jumper Functions

Table 3-1 shows the jumper selection for the MDD.

The way in which the jumpers are set at the factory is indicated on the unit.

If the unit is returned for repair, etc., we will redeliver it with the jumpers set to the initial factory specifications. )

, Set the jumpers according to whether drive select is to be performed using select '1' or '2', and also whether head loading is to be performed by means of a head load signal or during ready.

- 14 -

<b>O</b> Function		Content		JJ	1		JJ	2
			S1	S2	S3	S4	SH	АН
		Jumper mode at factory before shipment	0	x	x	x	0	x
		Drive select l	0	x	x	x		
	Drive	" 2	x	0	x	x		
	select	<b>"</b> 3	x	х	0	x		
•		4	x	x	x	0		
<b>0</b> 7	load	Head loading takes place under head 'loading signal					0	x
ę.	selection	Head loading takes place during drive select					x	0

Table 3-1 Jumper selection table

3-4 Arrangement of Jumper Pins

 $\mathbf{0}$ 

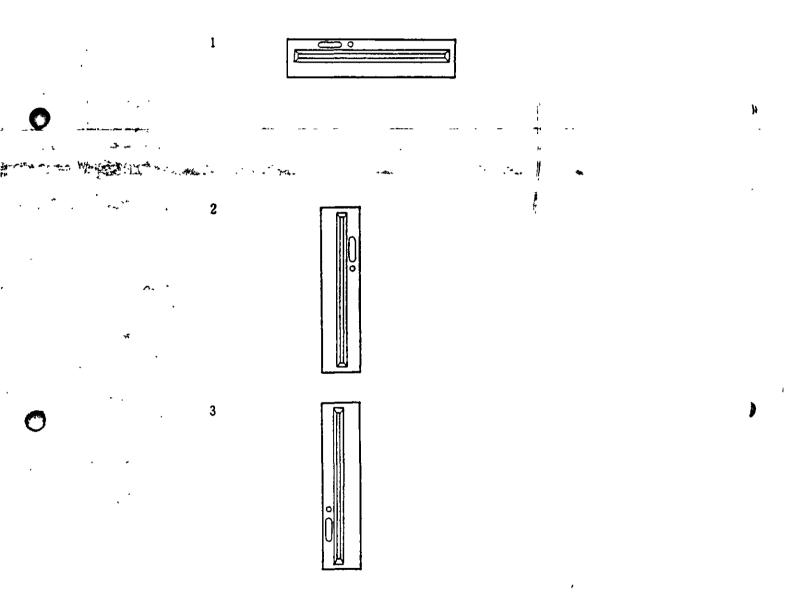
JJ1 1572 <u>\$1</u> <u>\$2</u> SELECT 0 50 10 5-7-9-7-5-7-5-5-7-5-7-5-7-5-SELECT 1 SELECT 2 SELECT 3 12 ICI <u>S3</u> 14 S4 (DH-IC)6 JJ2 407 SH HEAD LOAD 2 51 AH ₩

- 15 -

- C4. Dimension Specifications
  - 4-1 Installation Method

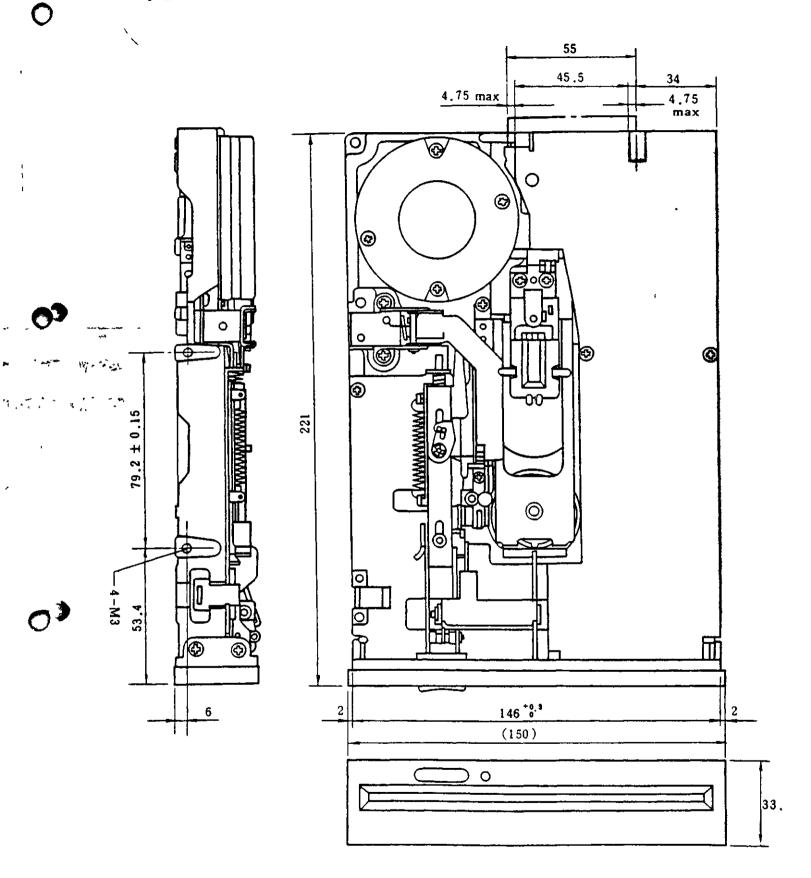
Install the MDD according to the method shown below.

- (1) Installation with PCB at top
- (2) Installation with PCB at right
- (3) Installation with PCB at left



\* When using the unit near a CRT, printer, or other source of noise, it is recommended that a shield be used.

4-2 Exterior of Unit



,

- 17 -

### 5. Handling Mini Floppy Disks

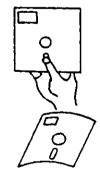
The following are the precautions to be observed when handling mini floppy disks.

[Unsatisfactory]



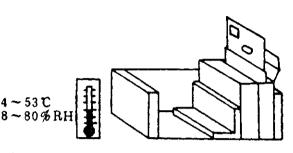






- Do not expose disks to direct sunlight or place them near a source of heat.
- o Do not place disks in a place which is subject to the influence of a magnetic field.
- Do not expose disks to cigarette smoke.
- Do not put clips or rubber bands on disks.
- o Do not write directly on disks using a pen or pencil.
- o Do not touch the recording face of disks (oblong hole portion).
- o Do not bend or fold disks.

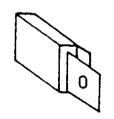
[Satisfactory]



- o Store disks in a clean environment at suitable temperature and humidity.
- o When not using a disk, insert it in an envelope, then insert the envelope in a specialpurpose case, and store it vertically.



o Paste labels on disks after writing on them first.



Media

o Before using a disk, it is recommended that it be left for a suitable time in the same environment as the drive in order to acclimatize it.

o Completely insert the media to the back of the drive before closing the door.

- 18 -

¥1

• }

## 6. Format Example

ς.

-1 -1

junte

۴.,

- "

•

The format of the soft selector used with the MDD is shown in the table below. F

Format examples for F.M. 16-sector format and M.F.M. 16sector format are shown in Fig. 6-1.

	FM/MFM	Sector format		Data amount/sector		Data amount/track	
		16	sectors	128	bytes	2048	bytes
Conformance to ISO	FM	9		256	,	2304	
		5	•	512		2560	.*
	MFM	16		256		4096	1
		9	•	512	"	4608	
		5	•	1024		5120	"
Conformance to IBM	FM	15	1	1 28	"	1920	,
		8		256	,	2048	
		4	•	512		2048	*
	MFM	16		256		4096	1
		8	,	512	,	4096	
		4		1024		4096	

- 19 -